

**Ivacaftor** (New Therapeutic Indication: Cystic Fibrosis, 6 to <12 Months)

Resolution of: 4 June 2020 Valid: unlimited

Entry into force on: 4 June 2020

Federal Gazette, BAnz AT 17 08 2020 B2

# New therapeutic indication (according to the marketing authorisation of 9 December 2019):

Kalydeco granulate is indicated for the treatment of infants aged at least 6 months, toddlers and children weighting 5 kg to less than 25 kg with cystic fibrosis (CF, mucoviscidosis) who have one of the following gating (class III) mutations in the CFTR gene: G551D, G1244E, G1349D, G178R, G551S, S1251N, S1255P, S549N, or S549R.

The present resolution relates exclusively to the newly approved therapeutic indication, i.e. children aged 6 to <12 months with cystic fibrosis with one of the following gating (class III) mutations in the CFTR gene: G551D, G1244E, G1349D, G178R, G5515, S1251N, S1255P, S549N, or S549R.

# 1. Additional benefit of the medicinal product in relation to the appropriate comparator therapy

Children aged 6 to <12 months with cystic fibrosis who have one of the following gating (class III) mutations in the CFTR gene: G551D, G1244E, G1349D, G178R, G551S, S1251N, S1255P, S549N, or S549R

### **Appropriate comparator therapy:**

Best supportive care

Best supportive care (BSC) is defined as the therapy that ensures the best possible, patient-individual optimised, supportive treatment to alleviate symptoms and improve the quality of life (especially antibiotics for pulmonary infections, mucolytics, pancreatic enzymes for pancreatic insufficiency, physiotherapy (in the sense of the HeilmittelRichtlinie (Remedies Directive)), making full use of all possible dietary measures).

# Extent and probability of the additional benefit of ivacaftor compared with best supportive care:

Hint for a non-quantifiable additional benefit

## Study results according to endpoints:1

Children aged 6 to <12 months with cystic fibrosis who have one of the following gating (class III) mutations in the CFTR gene: G551D, G1244E, G1349D, G178R, G551S, S1251N, S1255P, S549N, or S549R:

Study VX15-770-124: Single-arm study (ivacaftor + BSC) over 24 weeks

Endpoint category Study VX15-770-124	Ivacaftor + BSC
Mortality	
No deaths occurred.	

Endpoint category	Ivacaftor + BSC		
Endpoint Study VX15-770-124	N	Number of events	
		(n <sub>E</sub> / patient years)	
Morbidity			
Pulmonary exacerbations Definition 1 <sup>a</sup>	11	10 (1.95)	
Pulmonary exacerbations Definition 2 <sup>a</sup>	11	4 (0.78)	

Endpoint category		Ivacaftor + BSC		
Endpoint Study VX15-770-124	Baseline		Mean change from baseline to week 24 <sup>b</sup>	
	N MV (SD)		MV (SD)	
Morbidity				
Ratio of body weight to body height				
Age-dependent z-score, absolute change	11	0.13 (0.85)	0.26 (1.30)	
Percentile: absolute change	11	54.7 (27.8)	2.8 (38.3)	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Data from the dossier assessment of the IQWiG (Fehler! Verwenden Sie die Registerkarte 'Start', um #Auftragsnummer\_Q dem Text zuzuweisen, der hier angezeigt werden soll.) unless otherwise indicated.

Endpoint category		Ivacaftor + BSC			
Endpoint Study VX15-770-124			Mean change from baseline to week 24 <sup>b</sup>		
	N MV (SD)		MV (SD)		
Morbidity					
Sweat chloride concentration (additionally shown)					
Absolute change [mmol/l] <sup>c, d, e</sup>	11 <sup>f</sup>	101.5 (9.8)	-58.6 (16.5)		

Endpoint category Study VX15-770- 124	Ivacaftor + BSC	
Health-related quality of life		
not collected		

Endpoint category	Ivacaftor + BSC		
Endpoint Study VX15-770-124	Z	Number of patients with event after 24 weeks n (%)	
Side effects			
AEs (additionally shown) <sup>g</sup>	11	10 (90.9)	
SAEs <sup>9</sup>	11	3 (27.3))	
Discontinuation due to AEs	11	0 (0)	

- a: In the benefit assessment for ivacaftor, the definitions of pulmonary exacerbations are given in Table 16 on p. 42.
- b: Refers to the change from the start of study at the last time of measurement.
- c: Data from the dossier of the pharmaceutical company.
- d: Results with a sweat volume of < 15  $\mu$ l or chloride concentrations in the sweat > 160 mmol/l are not included.
- e: Five patients had baseline values of < 15  $\mu$ l. These participants were not considered in the analysis. The MV were calculated over all participants who had measured values at the time of the survey.
- f: Number of patients at the start of study.
- g: Contain events that are symptoms or consequences of the disease or for which it cannot be decided

whether they are symptomatology/consequences of the disease or side effects.

#### Abbreviations used:

BSC: best supportive care; MV: mean value; MD: mean difference; n: number of patients with (at least one) event; N: number of patients evaluated;  $n_E$ : number of events; SD: standard deviation; (S)AE: (serious) adverse event

## Summary of results for relevant clinical endpoints

Endpoint category	Direction of effect/	Summary
Mortality	<b>↔</b>	No differences relevant for the benefit assessment with evidence-based transfer of the results of patients ≥ 12 years with G551D gating mutation
Morbidity	<b>↑</b>	Advantage with evidence-based transfer of the results of patients ≥ 12 years with G551D gating mutation
Health-related quality of life	<b>↑</b>	Advantage with evidence-based transfer of the results of patients ≥ 12 years with G551D gating mutation
Side effects	$\leftrightarrow$	No differences relevant for the benefit assessment with evidence-based transfer of the results of patients ≥ 12 years with G551D gating mutation

#### **Explanations:**

- †: statistically significant and relevant positive effect with low/unclear reliability of data
- ↓: statistically significant and relevant negative effect with low/unclear reliability of data
- ↑↑: statistically significant and relevant positive effect with high reliability of data
- ↓↓: statistically significant and relevant negative effect with high reliability of data
- ↔: no statistically significant or relevant difference
- Ø: There are no usable data for the benefit assessment
- n.a.: not assessable

### 2. Number of patients or demarcation of patient groups eligible for treatment

Children aged 6 to <12 months with cystic fibrosis who have one of the following gating (class III) mutations in the CFTR gene: G551D, G1244E, G1349D, G178R, G551S, S1251N, S1255P, S549N, or S549R:

approx. 2 patients

### 3. Requirements for a quality-assured application

The requirements in the product information are to be taken into account. The European Medicines Agency (EMA) provides the contents of the product information (summary of product characteristics, SmPC) for Kalydeco<sup>®</sup> (active ingredient: ivacaftor) at the following publicly accessible link (last access: 5 February 2020):

https://www.ema.europa.eu/documents/product-information/kalydeco-epar-product-information de.pdf

Treatment with ivacaftor should only be initiated and monitored by specialists who are experienced in the treatment of patients with cystic fibrosis.

#### 4. Treatment costs

#### **Annual treatment costs:**

Children aged 6 to <12 months with cystic fibrosis who have one of the following gating (class III) mutations in the CFTR gene: G551D, G1244E, G1349D, G178R, G551S, S1251N, S1255P, S549N, or S549R:

Designation of the therapy	Annual treatment costs/patient	
Medicinal product to be assessed:		
Ivacaftor	€201,955.67	
Best supportive care	different for each individual patient	
Appropriate comparator therapy:		
Best supportive care	different for each individual patient	

Costs after deduction of statutory rebates (LAUER-TAXE®) as last revised: 15 May 2020

Costs for additionally required SHI services: not applicable