

**Nivolumab** (new therapeutic indication: urothelial carcinoma, first-line, combination with cisplatin and gemcitabine)

Resolution of: 19 December 2024 valid until: unlimited

Entry into force on: 19 December 2024 Federal Gazette, BAnz AT 04.03.2025 B3

# New therapeutic indication (according to the marketing authorisation of 23 May 2024):

OPDIVO in combination with cisplatin and gemcitabine is indicated for the first-line treatment of adult patients with unresectable or metastatic urothelial carcinoma.

# Therapeutic indication of the resolution (resolution of 19 December 2024):

See new therapeutic indication according to marketing authorisation.

# 1. Additional benefit of the medicinal product in relation to the appropriate comparator therapy

Adults with unresectable or metastatic urothelial carcinoma; first-line treatment

Appropriate comparator therapy for nivolumab in combination with cisplatin and gemcitabine:

Cisplatin in combination with gemcitabine followed by avelumab as maintenance treatment (maintenance treatment with avelumab only for patients who are progression-free)

Extent and probability of the additional benefit of nivolumab in combination with cisplatin and gemcitabine compared with cisplatin in combination with gemcitabine followed by avelumab as maintenance treatment:

An additional benefit is not proven.

#### Study results according to endpoints:1

#### Adults with unresectable or metastatic urothelial carcinoma; first-line treatment

# Summary of results for relevant clinical endpoints

| Endpoint category      | Direction of effect/<br>risk of bias | Summary                       |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Mortality              | n.a.                                 | There are no assessable data. |
| Morbidity              | n.a.                                 | There are no assessable data. |
| Health-related quality | n.a.                                 | There are no assessable data. |
| of life                |                                      |                               |
| Side effects           | n.a.                                 | There are no assessable data. |
|                        |                                      |                               |

**Explanations:** 

↑: statistically significant and relevant positive effect with low/unclear reliability of data

↓: statistically significant and relevant negative effect with low/unclear reliability of data

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Data from the dossier assessment of the Institute for Quality and Efficiency in Health Care (IQWiG) (A24-70) unless otherwise indicated.

个个: statistically significant and relevant positive effect with high reliability of data

 $\downarrow \downarrow$ : statistically significant and relevant negative effect with high reliability of data

 $\varnothing$ : No data available.

n.a.: not assessable

# 2. Number of patients or demarcation of patient groups eligible for treatment

Adults with unresectable or metastatic urothelial carcinoma; first-line treatment Approx. 435 – 617 patients

# 3. Requirements for a quality-assured application

The requirements in the product information are to be taken into account. The European Medicines Agency (EMA) provides the contents of the product information (summary of product characteristics, SmPC) for Opdivo (active ingredient: nivolumab) at the following publicly accessible link (last access: 5 September 2024):

https://www.ema.europa.eu/en/documents/product-information/opdivo-epar-product-information\_en.pdf

Treatment with nivolumab should only be initiated and monitored by specialists in internal medicine, haematology, and oncology and urology, and specialists participating in the Oncology Agreement experienced in the treatment of adults with urothelial carcinoma.

In accordance with the European Medicines Agency (EMA) requirements regarding additional risk minimisation measures, the pharmaceutical company must provide training material that contains information for medical professionals and patients (incl. patient identification card).

The training material contains, in particular, information and warnings about immune-mediated side effects as well as infusion-related reactions.

# 4. Treatment costs

#### **Annual treatment costs:**

#### Adults with unresectable or metastatic urothelial carcinoma; first-line treatment

| Designation of the therapy                              | Annual treatment costs/ patient |  |  |  |
|---|---------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Medicinal product to be assessed:                       |                                 |  |  |  |
| Nivolumab in combination with cisplatin and gemcitabine |                                 |  |  |  |
| Nivolumab   | € 26,278.38                     |  |  |  |
| Cisplatin   | € 692.82                        |  |  |  |
| Gemcitabine   | € 2,153.52                      |  |  |  |

| Designation of the therapy  | Annual treatment costs/ patient                               |  |  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| Total   | € 29,124.72   |  |  |  |  |
| Additionally required SHI services  | € 114.86 - € 134.91   |  |  |  |  |
| Maintenance treatment with nivolumab  |   |  |  |  |  |
| Nivolumab   | € 49,636.94   |  |  |  |  |
| Nivolumab in combination with cisplatin and gemcitabine including subsequent maintenance treatment with nivolumab |   |  |  |  |  |
| Total   | € 78,761.66   |  |  |  |  |
| Appropriate comparator therapy:   | Appropriate comparator therapy:                               |  |  |  |  |
| Cisplatin and gemcitabine   |   |  |  |  |  |
| Cisplatin   | € 461.88 - € 692.82   |  |  |  |  |
| Gemcitabine   | € 2,153.52 - € 3,230.28                                       |  |  |  |  |
| Total   | € 2,615.40 - € 3,923.10                                       |  |  |  |  |
| Additionally required SHI services  | € 116.60 - € 134.91   |  |  |  |  |
| Maintenance treatment with avelumab   |   |  |  |  |  |
| Avelumab  | € 44,399.77 (6 cycles of induction therapy)                   |  |  |  |  |
|   | <ul><li>€ 56,995.45 (4 cycles of induction therapy)</li></ul> |  |  |  |  |
| Cisplatin in combination with gemcitabine including subsequent maintenance treatment with avelumab                |   |  |  |  |  |
| Total   | € 48,322.87 (6 cycles of induction therapy)                   |  |  |  |  |
|   | <ul><li>59,610.85 (4 cycles of induction therapy)</li></ul>   |  |  |  |  |

Costs after deduction of statutory rebates (LAUER-TAXE®) as last revised: 1 December 2024)

# Other SHI services:

| Designation of the therapy                              | Type of service   | Costs/<br>unit | Number/<br>cycle | Number/<br>patient/<br>year | Costs/<br>patient/<br>year |
|---|---|----------------|------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Medicinal product to be assessed                        |   |                |                  |                             |                            |
| Nivolumab in combination with cisplatin and gemcitabine |   |                |                  |                             |                            |
| Nivolumab   | Surcharge for the preparation of a parenteral solution containing monoclonal antibodies | € 100          | 1                | 6                           | € 600                      |
| Cisplatin   | Surcharge for production of a   | € 100          | 1                | 6                           | € 600                      |

|                 |   | I          |              | I                                   |  |
|-----------------|---|------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|
|                 | parenteral<br>preparation<br>containing<br>cytostatic agents                            |            |              |                                     |  |
| Gemcitabine     | Surcharge for production of a parenteral preparation containing cytostatic agents       | € 100      | 2            | 6                                   | € 1,200                                  |
| Maintenance t   | reatment with nivolui   | mab        |              |                                     |  |
| Nivolumab       | Surcharge for the preparation of a parenteral solution containing monoclonal antibodies | € 100      | 1            | 17.1 (14-day)<br>or<br>8.5 (28-day) | € 1,710 (14-day)<br>or<br>€ 850 (28-day) |
| Appropriate co  | mparator therapy  |            |              |                                     |  |
| Cisplatin and g | emcitabine (4 - 6 cycl  | es of indu | ction therap | y)                                  |  |
| Cisplatin       | Surcharge for production of a parenteral preparation containing cytostatic agents       | € 100      | 1            | 4 - 6                               | € 400 - € 600                            |
| Gemcitabine     | Surcharge for production of a parenteral preparation containing cytostatic agents       | € 100      | 3            | 12 – 18                             | € 1,200 - € 1,800                        |
| Maintenance t   | Maintenance treatment with avelumab   |            |              |                                     |  |
| Avelumab        | Surcharge for the preparation of a parenteral solution containing monoclonal antibodies | € 100      | 1            | 14.1 – 18.1                         | € 1,410 - € 1,810                        |

5. Designation of medicinal products with new active ingredients according to Section 35a, paragraph 3, sentence 4 SGB V that can be used in a combination therapy with the assessed medicinal product

In the context of the designation of medicinal products with new active ingredients pursuant to Section 35a, paragraph 3, sentence 4 SGB V, the following findings are made:

### Adults with unresectable or metastatic urothelial carcinoma; first-line treatment

 No medicinal product with new active ingredients that can be used in a combination therapy and fulfils the requirements of Section 35a, paragraph 3, sentence 4 SGB V.

The designation of combinations exclusively serves the implementation of the combination discount according to Section 130e SGB V between health insurance funds and pharmaceutical companies. The findings made neither restrict the scope of treatment required to fulfil the medical treatment mandate, nor do they make statements about expediency or economic feasibility.