

Draft Resolution

of the Federal Joint Committee on an Amendment of the Pharmaceuticals Directive:

Annex XII – Benefit Assessment of Medicinal Products with New Active Ingredients according to Section 35a (SGB V)

Ivacaftor/ tezacaftor/ elexacaftor (new therapeutic indication: cystic fibrosis, combination regimen with ivacaftor, from 2 to 5 years (homozygous for F508del mutation)

of 16 May 2024

At its session on 16 May 2024, the Federal Joint Committee (G-BA) resolved to amend the Pharmaceuticals Directive (AM-RL) in the version dated 18 December 2008 / 22 January 2009 (Federal Gazette, BAnz. No. 49a of 31 March 2009), as last amended by the publication of the resolution of D Month YYYY (Federal Gazette, BAnz AT DD.MM.YYYY BX), as follows:

In Annex XII, the following information shall be added after No. 5 to the information on the benefit assessment of Ivacaftor/ tezacaftor/ elexacaftor in accordance with the resolution of 16 May 2024 "ivacaftor/ tezacaftor/ elexacaftor (new therapeutic indication: cystic fibrosis, combination regimen with ivacaftor, from 2 to ≤ 5 years (heterozygous for F508del and MF mutation))":

Ivacaftor/ tezacaftor/ elexacaftor

Resolution of: 16 May 2024 Entry into force on: 16 May 2024

Federal Gazette, BAnz AT DD. MM YYYY Bx

New therapeutic indication (according to the marketing authorisation of 22 November 2023):

Kaftrio granules are indicated in a combination regimen with ivacaftor for the treatment of cystic fibrosis (CF) in paediatric patients aged 2 to less than 6 years who have at least one F508del mutation in the cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator (CFTR) gene

Therapeutic indication of the resolution (resolution of 16 May 2024):

Ivacaftor/ tezacaftor/ elexacaftor is indicated in a combination regimen with ivacaftor for the treatment of cystic fibrosis in paediatric patients aged 2 to \leq 5 years who are homozygous for the F508del mutation in the CFTR gene.

1. Additional benefit of the medicinal product in relation to the appropriate comparator therapy

<u>Children aged 2 to ≤ 5 years with cystic fibrosis who are homozygous for the F508del mutation in the CFTR gene</u>

Appropriate comparator therapy for ivacaftor/ tezacaftor/ elexacaftor in combination with ivacaftor:

- Lumacaftor/ivacaftor

Extent and probability of the additional benefit of ivacaftor/ tezacaftor/ elexacaftor in combination with ivacaftor compared to the appropriate comparator therapy:

Hint for a non-quantifiable additional benefit

Study results according to endpoints:1

<u>Children aged 2 to \leq 5 years with cystic fibrosis who are homozygous for the F508del mutation</u> in the CFTR gene

Summary of results for relevant clinical endpoints

Endpoint category	Direction of effect/ risk of bias	Summary
Mortality	\leftrightarrow	No relevant differences for the benefit
		assessment under transfer of evidence of the
		results from older patients and
		Patients with homozygous F508del mutation
Morbidity	↑	Advantages under transfer of evidence of the
		results from older patients and
		Patients with homozygous F508del mutation
Health-related quality	↑	Advantages under transfer of evidence of the
of life		results from older patients and
		Patients with homozygous F508del mutation
Side effects	\leftrightarrow	No relevant differences for the benefit
		assessment under transfer of evidence of the
		results from older patients and
		Patients with homozygous F508del mutation

Explanations:

↑: statistically significant and relevant positive effect with low/unclear reliability of data

↓: statistically significant and relevant negative effect with low/unclear reliability of data

个个: statistically significant and relevant positive effect with high reliability of data

 $\downarrow \downarrow$: statistically significant and relevant negative effect with high reliability of data

 \emptyset : No data available.

n.a.: not assessable

VX20-445-111 study: single-arm approval study of ivacaftor/ tezacaftor/ elexacaftor in combination with ivacaftor (children 2 to 5 years; homozygous for the F508del mutation)

Mortality

Endpoint	IVA/ TEZ/ ELX + IVA	
	N	Patients with event n (%)
Overall mortality	23	0 (0)

Morbidity

Endpoint	IVA/ TEZ/ ELX + IVA	
	N	Patients with event n (%)

¹ Data from the dossier of the pharmaceutical company, unless otherwise indicated.

Pulmonary exacerbation	23	6 (26.09)
Hospitalisation for pulmonary exacerbation	23	1 (1.35)
With IV Pulmonary exacerbation requiring antibiotic treatment	23	1 (4.35)

Endpoint	IVA/ TEZ/ ELX + IVA				
	N	Values at the start of study MV (SD)	N	Values at week 24 MV (SD)	Mean change at week 24 MV (SD)
Absolute change in Lung Clearance Index (LCI _{2,5})	17	8.17 (1.34)	15	7.42 (0.46)	-0.82 (1.42)
Absolute change in BMI [kg/m²]	23	15.88 (1.24)	23	15.77 (1.09)	-0.11 (0.62)
Absolute change in BMI z-score	23	0.17 (1.02)	23	0.17 (0.84)	0.00 (0.48)
Absolute change in sweat chloride concentration [mmol/l] (presented additionally)	22	100.59 (9.47)	21	29.81 (17.64)	-70.90 (20.99)

Health-related quality of life

Endpoint	IVA/ TEZ/ ELX + IVA
No data on health-related quality o	f life were collected.

Side effects

Endpoint	IVA/ TEZ/ ELX + IVA + BSC	
	N	Patients with event n (%)
Adverse events (AEs) (presented additionally)	23	23 (0)
Serious AEs (SAEs)	23	0 (0)
Severe AEs (grade 3 or 4)	23	0 (0)
Discontinuation due to AEs	23	0 (0)

2. Number of patients or demarcation of patient groups eligible for treatment

<u>Children aged 2 to \leq 5 years with cystic fibrosis who are homozygous for the F508del mutation in the CFTR gene</u>

approx. 250 patients

3. Requirements for a quality-assured application

The requirements in the product information are to be taken into account. The European Medicines Agency (EMA) provides the contents of the product information (summary of product characteristics, SmPC) for Kaftrio (active ingredient: ivacaftor/ tezacaftor/ elexacaftor) at the following publicly accessible link (last access: 07 May 2024):

https://www.ema.europa.eu/en/documents/product-information/kaftrio-epar-product-information en.pdf

Treatment with ivacaftor/ tezacaftor/ elexacaftor should only be initiated and monitored by doctors experienced in treating cystic fibrosis.

4. Treatment costs

Annual treatment costs:

<u>Children aged 2 to \leq 5 years with cystic fibrosis who are homozygous for the F508del mutation</u> in the CFTR gene

Designation of the therapy	Annual treatment costs/ patient	
Medicinal product to be assessed:		
Ivacaftor/ tezacaftor/ elexacaftor	€ 132,670.85	
+ ivacaftor	€ 74,073.43	
Total:	€ 206,744.28	
Appropriate comparator therapy:		
Lumacaftor/ ivacaftor	€ 147,785.37	

Costs after deduction of statutory rebates (LAUER-TAXE®) as last revised: 15 April 2024)

Costs for additionally required SHI services: not applicable

Designation of medicinal products with new active ingredients according to Section 35a, paragraph 3, sentence 4 SGB V that can be used in a combination therapy with the assessed medicinal product

In the context of the designation of medicinal products with new active ingredients pursuant to Section 35a, paragraph 3, sentence 4 SGB V, the following findings are made:

<u>Children aged 2 to ≤ 5 years with cystic fibrosis who are homozygous for the F508del mutation in the CFTR gene</u>

 No medicinal product with new active ingredients that can be used in a combination therapy and fulfils the requirements of Section 35a, paragraph 3, sentence 4 SGB V. The designation of combinations exclusively serves the implementation of the combination discount according to Section 130e SGB V between health insurance funds and pharmaceutical companies. The findings made neither restrict the scope of treatment required to fulfil the medical treatment mandate, nor do they make statements about expediency or economic feasibility.

II. The resolution will enter into force on the day of its publication on the website of the G-BA on 16 May 2024.

The justification to this resolution will be published on the website of the G-BA at www.g-ba.de.

Berlin, 16 May 2024

Federal Joint Committee (G-BA) in accordance with Section 91 SGB V
The Chair

Prof. Hecken