

# Resolution

of the Federal Joint Committee on an Amendment of the  
Pharmaceuticals Directive:  
Annex XII – Benefit Assessment of Medicinal Products with  
New Active Ingredients according to Section 35a (SGB V)

Ivacaftor/ tezacaftor/ elexacaftor (new therapeutic  
indication: cystic fibrosis, combination regimen with  
ivacaftor,  
from 2 to  $\leq$  5 years (heterozygous for F508del and RF  
mutation))

of 16 May 2024

At its session on 16 May 2024, the Federal Joint Committee (G-BA) resolved to amend the Pharmaceuticals Directive (AM-RL) in the version dated 18 December 2008 / 22 January 2009 (Federal Gazette, BAnz. No. 49a of 31 March 2009), as last amended by the publication of the resolution of D Month YYYY (Federal Gazette, BAnz AT DD.MM.YYYY BX), as follows:

- I. In Annex XII, the following information shall be added after No. 5 to the information on the benefit assessment of Ivacaftor/ tezacaftor/ elexacaftor in accordance with the resolution of 16 May 2024 "ivacaftor/ tezacaftor/ elexacaftor (new therapeutic indication: cystic fibrosis, combination regimen with ivacaftor, from 2 to  $\leq$  5 years (heterozygous for F508del and gating mutation))":

## **Ivacaftor/ tezacaftor/ elexacaftor**

Resolution of: 16 May 2024

Entry into force on: 16 May 2024

Federal Gazette, BAnz AT DD. MM YYYY Bx

### **New therapeutic indication (according to the marketing authorisation of 22 November 2023):**

Kaftrio granules are indicated in a combination regimen with ivacaftor for the treatment of cystic fibrosis (CF) in paediatric patients aged 2 to less than 6 years who have at least one F508del mutation in the cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator (CFTR) gene

### **Therapeutic indication of the resolution (resolution of 16 May 2024):**

Ivacaftor/ tezacaftor/ elexacaftor is indicated in a combination regimen with ivacaftor for the treatment of cystic fibrosis in paediatric patients aged 2 to ≤ 5 years who are heterozygous for an F508del mutation in the CFTR gene and carry a residual function mutation on the second allele.

#### **1. Additional benefit of the medicinal product in relation to the appropriate comparator therapy**

Children aged 2 to ≤ 5 years with cystic fibrosis who are heterozygous for the F508del mutation in the CFTR gene and carry a residual function mutation on the second allele

#### **Appropriate comparator therapy for ivacaftor/ tezacaftor/ elexacaftor in combination with ivacaftor:**

- Best supportive care

Best Supportive Care (BSC) is defined as the therapy that ensures the best possible, patient-individual optimised, supportive treatment to alleviate symptoms and improve the quality of life (in particular antibiotics for pulmonary infections, mucolytics, pancreatic enzymes for pancreatic insufficiency, physiotherapy (as defined in the Remedies Directive), making full use of all possible dietary measures).

#### **Extent and probability of the additional benefit of ivacaftor/ tezacaftor/ elexacaftor in combination with ivacaftor compared to the appropriate comparator therapy:**

An additional benefit is not proven.

## Study results according to endpoints:<sup>1</sup>

Children aged 2 to ≤ 5 years with cystic fibrosis who are heterozygous for the F508del mutation in the CFTR gene and carry a residual function mutation on the second allele

No suitable data versus the appropriate comparator therapy available.

## Summary of results for relevant clinical endpoints

Endpoint category	Direction of effect/ risk of bias	Summary
Mortality	n.a.	There are no assessable data.
Morbidity	n.a.	There are no assessable data.
Health-related quality of life	n.a.	There are no assessable data.
Side effects	n.a.	There are no assessable data.
Explanations: ↑: statistically significant and relevant positive effect with low/unclear reliability of data ↓: statistically significant and relevant negative effect with low/unclear reliability of data ↑↑: statistically significant and relevant positive effect with high reliability of data ↓↓: statistically significant and relevant negative effect with high reliability of data ↔: no statistically significant or relevant difference ∅: No data available. n.a.: not assessable		

## 2. Number of patients or demarcation of patient groups eligible for treatment

Children aged 2 to ≤ 5 years with cystic fibrosis who are heterozygous for the F508del mutation in the CFTR gene and carry a residual function mutation on the second allele

approx. 20 patients

## 3. Requirements for a quality-assured application

The requirements in the product information are to be taken into account. The European Medicines Agency (EMA) provides the contents of the product information (summary of product characteristics, SmPC) for Kaftrio (active ingredient: ivacaftor/ tezacaftor/ elexacaftor) at the following publicly accessible link (last access: 7 May 2024):

[https://www.ema.europa.eu/en/documents/product-information/kaftrio-epar-product-information\\_en.pdf](https://www.ema.europa.eu/en/documents/product-information/kaftrio-epar-product-information_en.pdf)

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<sup>1</sup> Data from the dossier assessment of the Institute for Quality and Efficiency in Health Care (IQWiG) (A23-125) unless otherwise indicated.

Treatment with ivacaftor/ tezacaftor/ elexacaftor should only be initiated and monitored by doctors experienced in treating cystic fibrosis.

#### 4. Treatment costs

##### Annual treatment costs:

Children aged 2 to < 6 years with cystic fibrosis who are heterozygous for the F508del mutation in the CFTR gene and carry a residual function mutation on the second allele

Designation of the therapy	Annual treatment costs/ patient
Medicinal product to be assessed:	
Ivacaftor/ tezacaftor/ elexacaftor	€ 132,670.85
+ ivacaftor	€ 74,073.43
Total:	€ 206,744.28
+ best supportive care	Different from patient to patient
Appropriate comparator therapy:	
Best supportive care	Different from patient to patient

Costs after deduction of statutory rebates (LAUER-TAXE®) as last revised: 15 April 2024)

Costs for additionally required SHI services: not applicable

#### 5. Designation of medicinal products with new active ingredients according to Section 35a, paragraph 3, sentence 4 SGB V that can be used in a combination therapy with the assessed medicinal product

In the context of the designation of medicinal products with new active ingredients pursuant to Section 35a, paragraph 3, sentence 4 SGB V, the following findings are made:

Children aged 2 to < 6 years with cystic fibrosis who are heterozygous for the F508del mutation in the CFTR gene and carry a residual function mutation on the second allele

- No medicinal product with new active ingredients that can be used in a combination therapy and fulfils the requirements of Section 35a, paragraph 3, sentence 4 SGB V.

The designation of combinations exclusively serves the implementation of the combination discount according to Section 130e SGB V between health insurance funds and pharmaceutical companies. The findings made neither restrict the scope of treatment required to fulfil the medical treatment mandate, nor do they make statements about expediency or economic feasibility.

**II. The resolution will enter into force on the day of its publication on the website of the G-BA on 16 May 2024.**

The justification to this resolution will be published on the website of the G-BA at [www.g-ba.de](http://www.g-ba.de).

Berlin, 16 May 2024

Federal Joint Committee (G-BA)  
in accordance with Section 91 SGB V  
The Chair

Prof. Hecken